

EHRI Online Course in Holocaust Studies

Federal Archives Freiburg, RH22/201

The Holocaust in the Ukraine – Auxiliary Administration and Police

C04 The German Feldkommandantur [Field Command] Reports on Unlicensed Measures toward the Jews of Kremenchuk, 24 October and 24 November 1941.

Monthly Report of Section VII for the period from 15.9 to 15.10.41

Dated: 24 October, 1941

[...]

The Jewish Question

Following investigations, 60% of the residents of Kr. (Kremenchuk) were Jews before German troops entered the city, now around 4,000 Jews are located in Kr., the rest have fled.

Without the involvement of the F.K. (Field Command), the commissary mayor moved a part of the Jews (1,100 persons) to a barracks camp, 2 km outside the city.

The city administration enlists a few hundred of these Jews daily to perform street-clearing work.

The Jews who are put to work receive 400 grams of bread daily, and those who do no work, 200 grams of bread per person.

2-3,000 Jews still live within the city of Kr., apparently they evaded registration at the just completed census and are therefore not recorded. Because they are continually moving accommodation, enlisting them for work is not possible.

Contributions are not yet imposed on the Jews in the region covered by the Field Command.

Monthly Report of Section VII for the period 15.10.41 to 15.11.41

Dated: 24 November, 1941

[...]

The Jewish Question

Kremenchuk is almost free of Jews (judenrein). Two Jewish doctors are permitted by the Field Command to attend to the civilian population, for otherwise the medical treatment of the civilian population could not be guaranteed.

The few Jews still living in the other raions have been recorded in name and the information reported to the Higher SS and Police Leader in Kremenchuk.